



Exploring Peritumoral White Matter Fibers for Neurosurgical Planning

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Clinical Goal

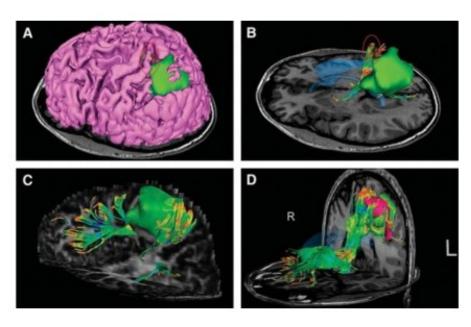
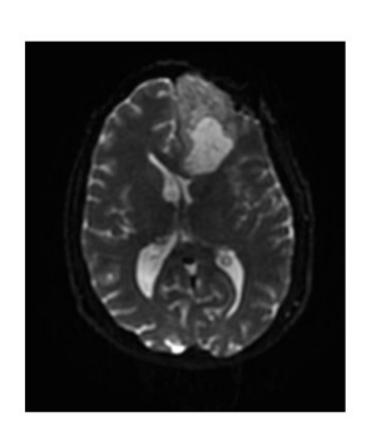


Image Courtesy of Dr. Alexandra Golby, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, MA..

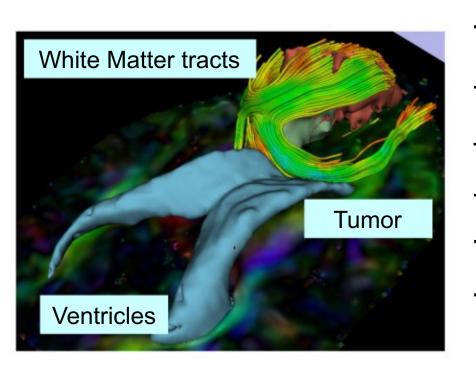
Diffusion Tensor Imaging (DTI) Tractography has the potential to bring valuable spatial information on tumor infiltration and tract displacement for neurosurgical planning of tumor resection.

Clinical Case

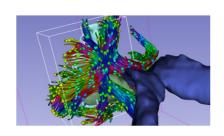


- 35 year-old male diagnosed with Glioblastoma multiform (GBM)
- Diffusion Weighted Imaging (DWI) acquisition for neurosurgical planning

Clinical Goal



The goal of this tutorial is to explore white matter fibers surrounding a tumor using Diffusion Tensor Imaging (DTI) Tractography.



Slicer DMRI

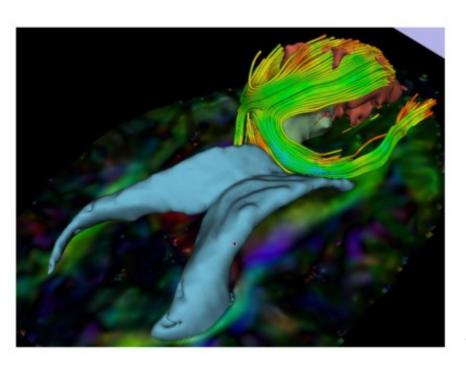
An open-source project to improve and extend diffusion magnetic resonance imaging software in 3D Slicer:

http://dmri.slicer.org

Please read the **Diffusion MRI Analysis** tutorial to install SlicerDMRI:

http://dmri.slicer.org/docs/diffusion_mri_analysis

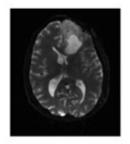
Image Analysis Pipeline



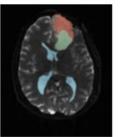
The image analysis pipeline described in this tutorial uses three different algorithms:

- 1) Grow Cut algorithm for segmentation of the tumor parts
- 2) Marching Cube algorithm for surface modeling
- 3) Single tensor streamline tractography algorithm for tract generation.

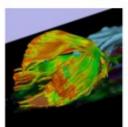
Overview of the analysis pipeline



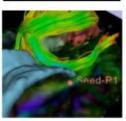
Part 1: Loading & Visualization of Diffusion Data



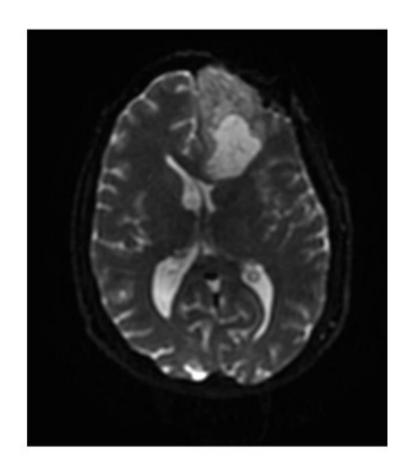
Part 2: Segmentation of lat. ventricles, and solid and cystic parts of the tumor



Part 3: Tractography reconstruction of white matter fibers in the peri-tumoral volume

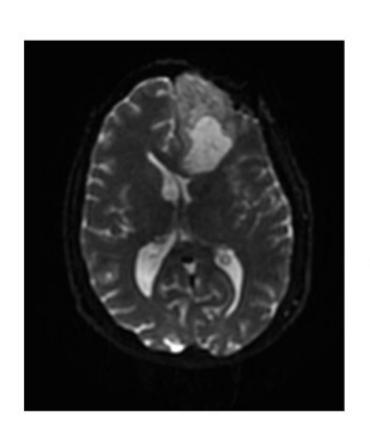


Part 4: Tractography exploration of the ipsilateral and contralateral side



Part 1: Loading and Visualization of Diffusion Data

Diffusion Tensor Imaging

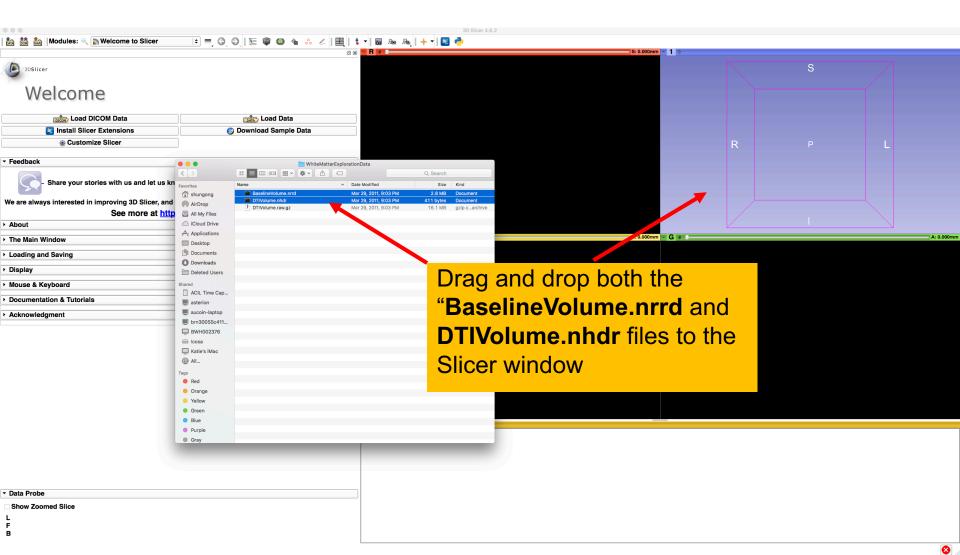


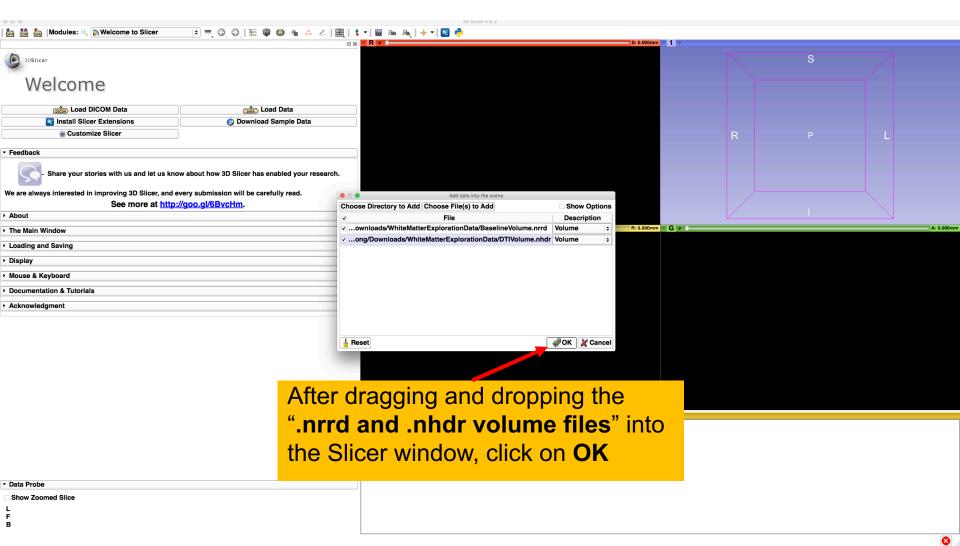
$$S_i = S_0 e^{-b\hat{g}i^T D\hat{g}_i}$$

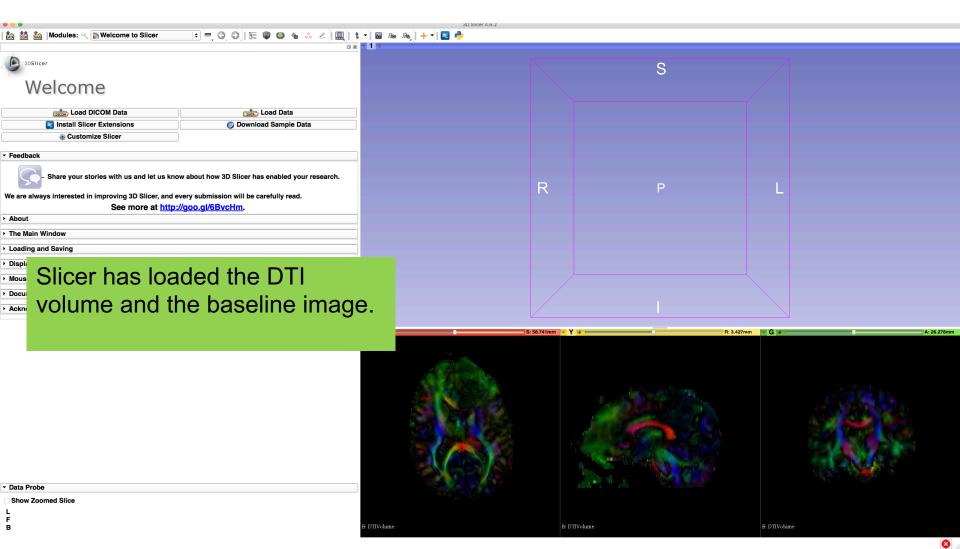
(Stejskal and Tanner 1965, Basser 1994)

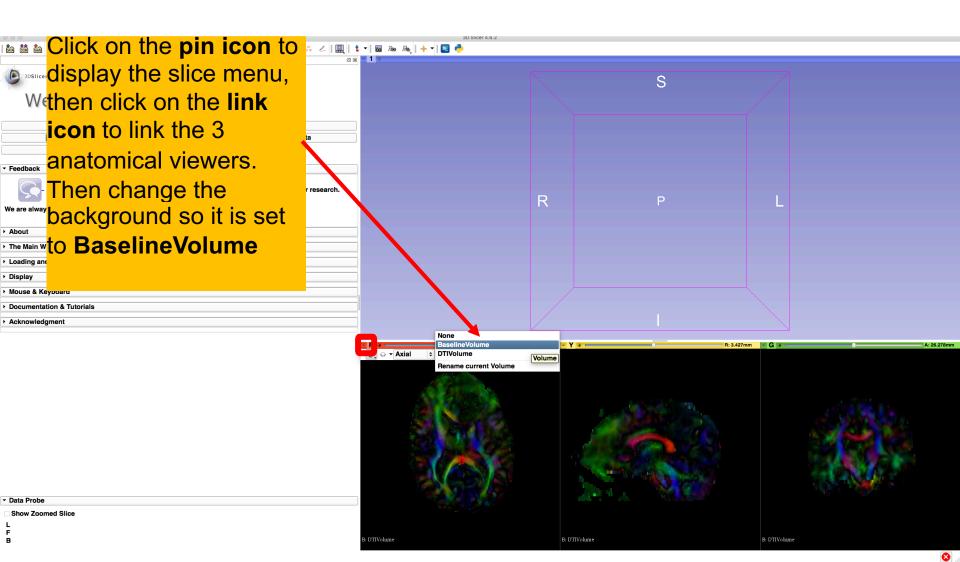
$$\mathbf{\underline{D}} = \begin{bmatrix} D_{xx} & D_{xy} & D_{xz} \\ D_{yx} & D_{yy} & D_{yz} \\ D_{zx} & D_{zy} & D_{zz} \end{bmatrix}$$

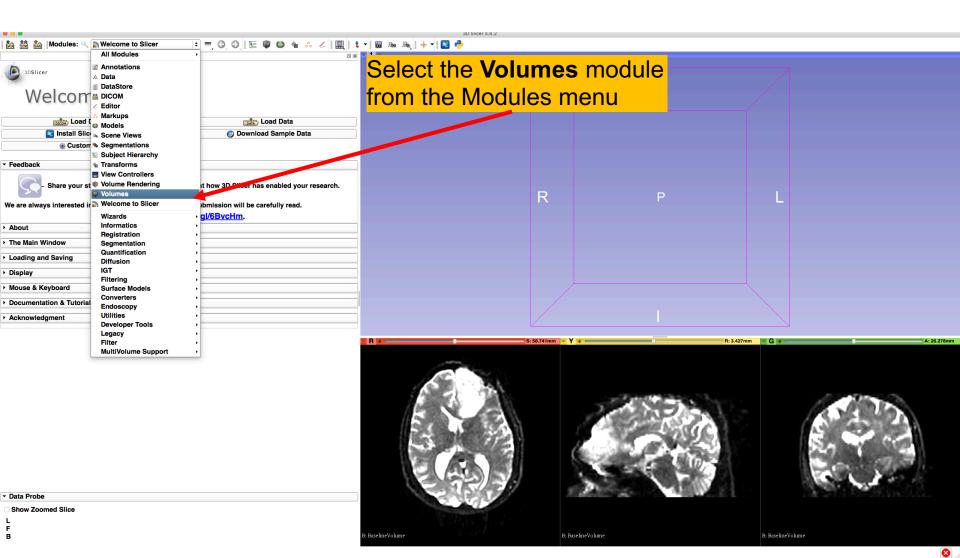


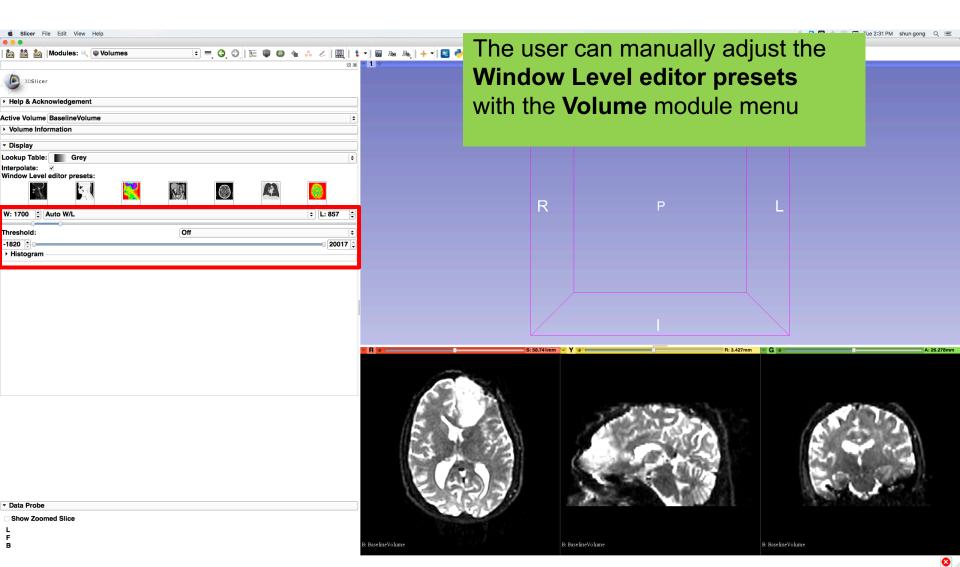


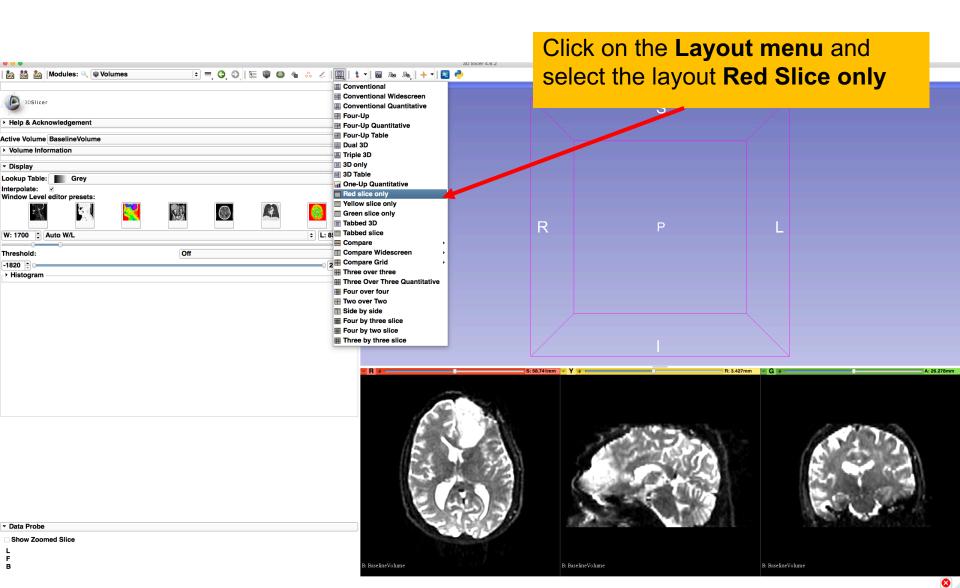


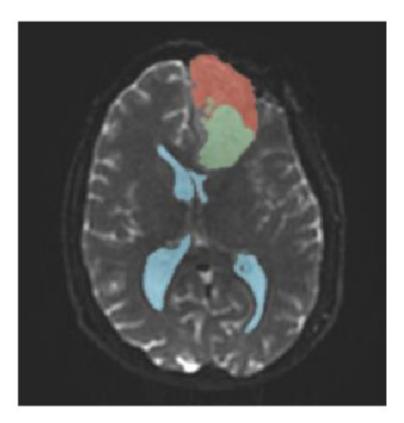




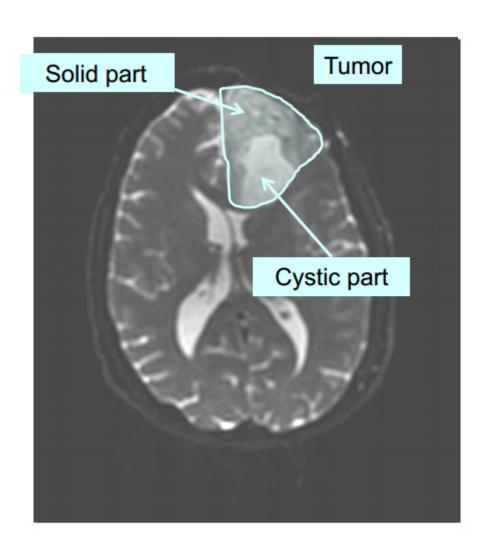








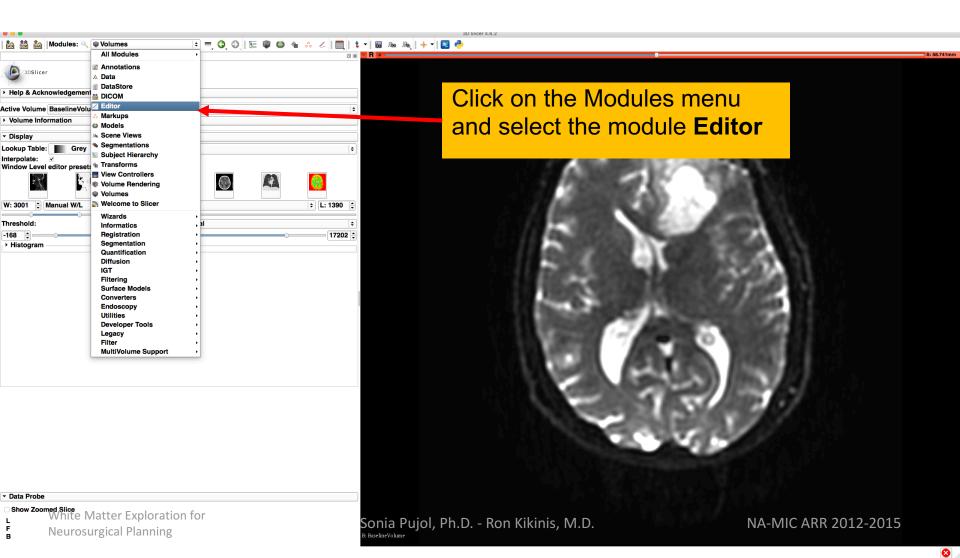
Part 1: Segmenting the tumor and ventricles

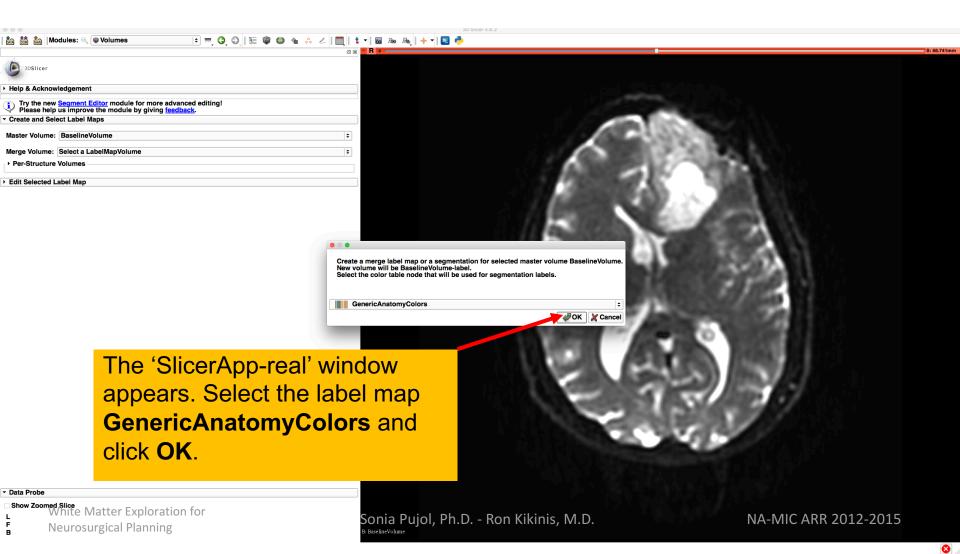


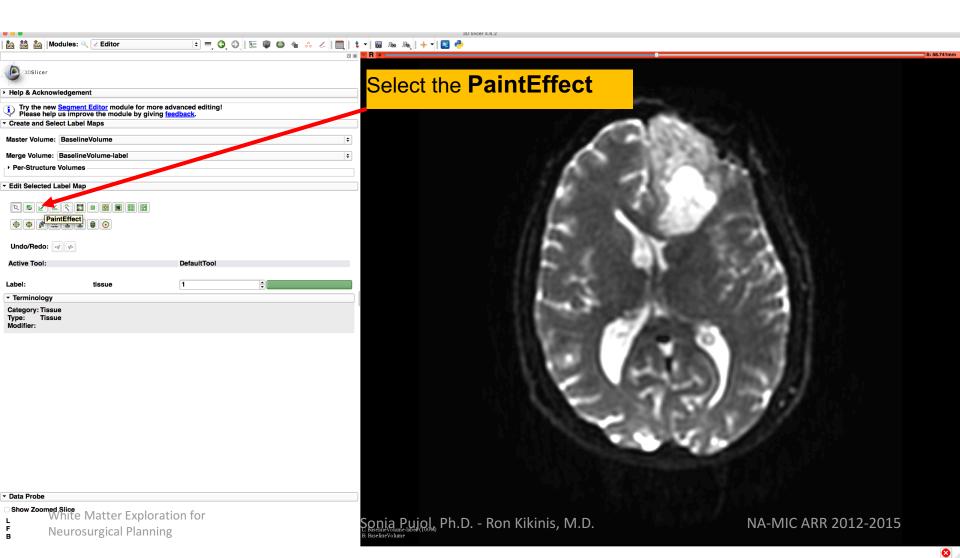
The tumor in this clinical case is composed of two parts: a solid part, and a cystic part.

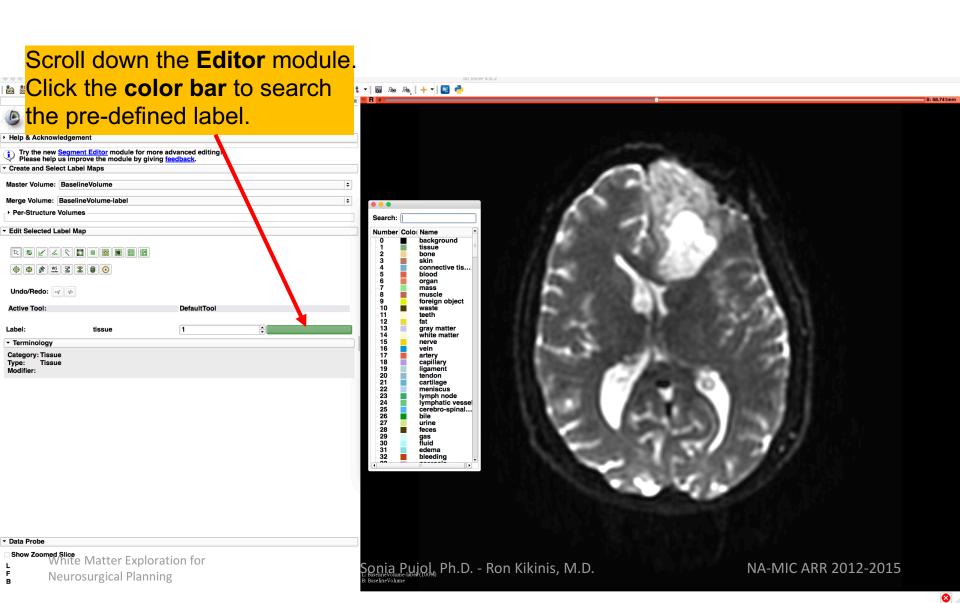
In this section, we will segment the different parts of the tumor using a Grow Cut Segmentation algorithm.

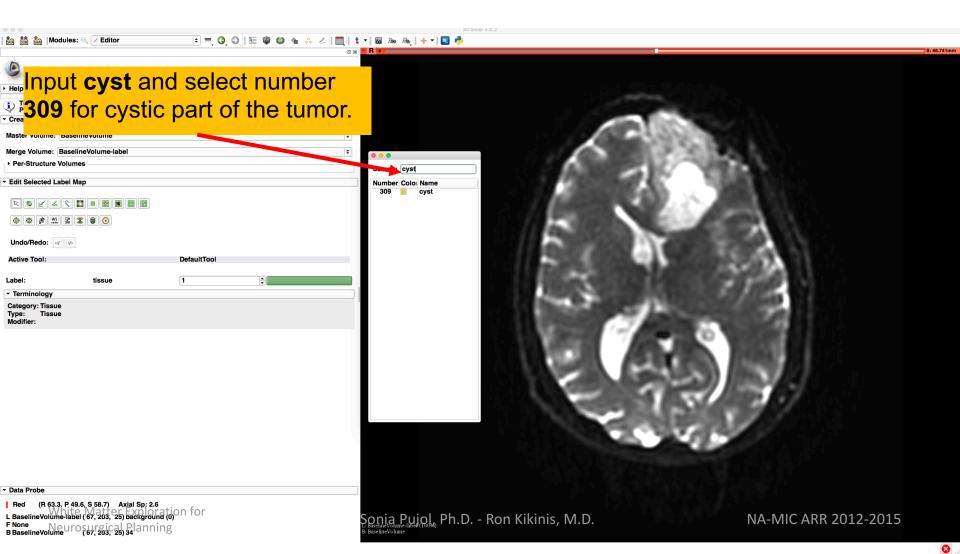


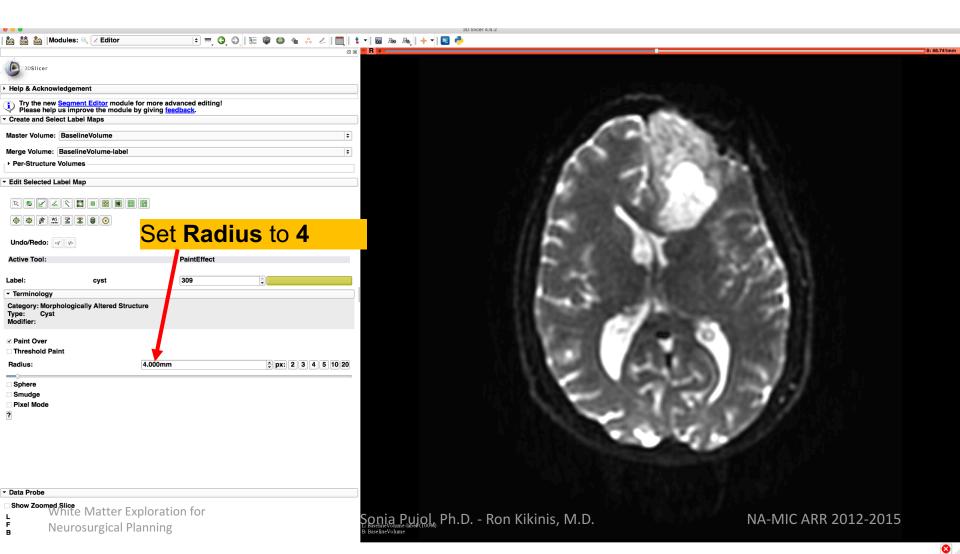


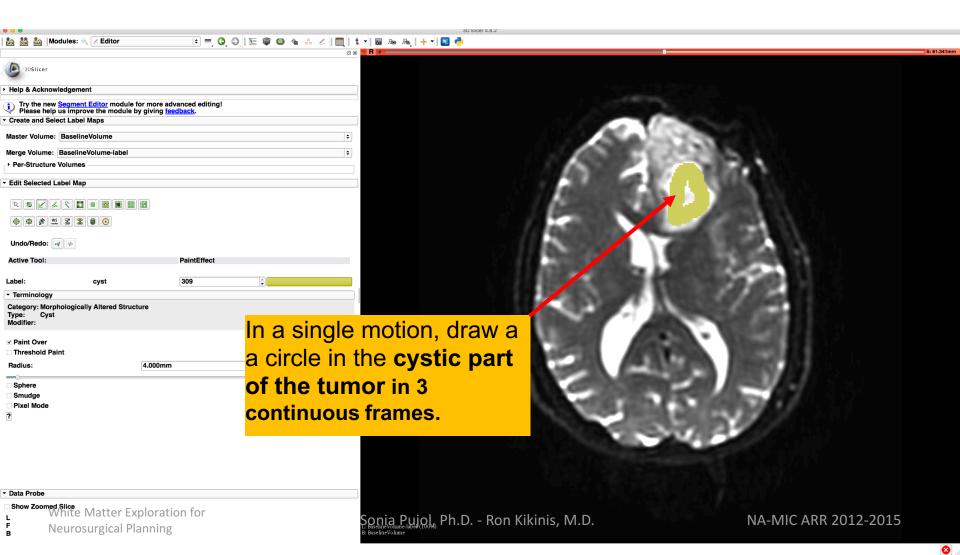


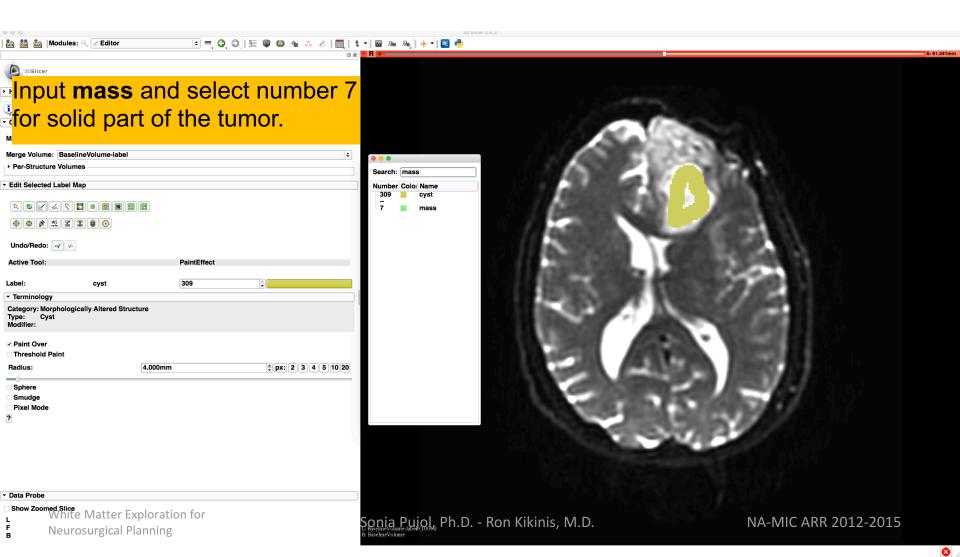


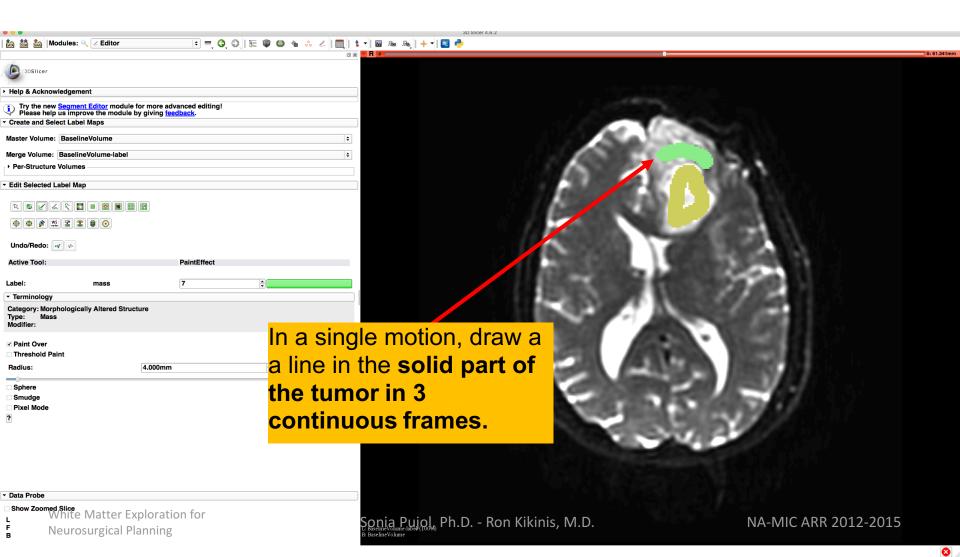


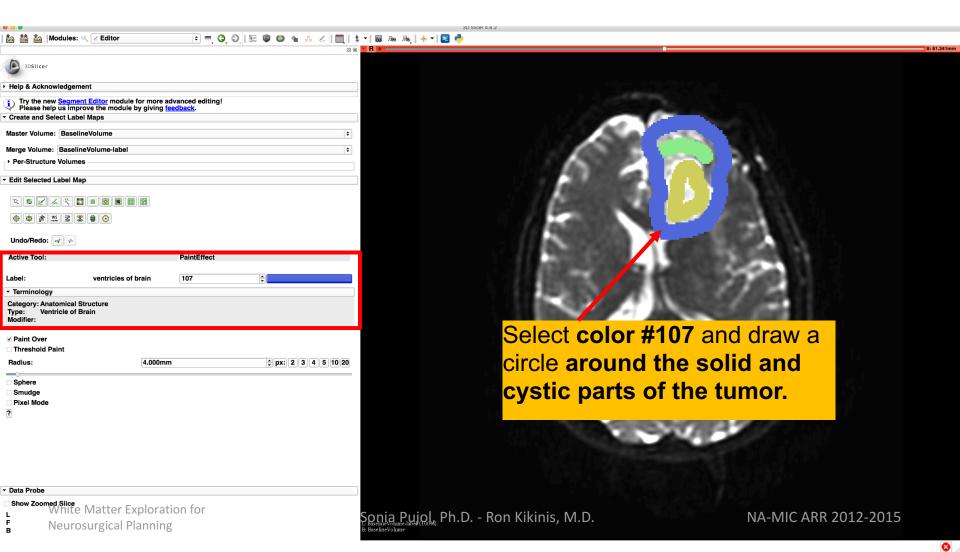


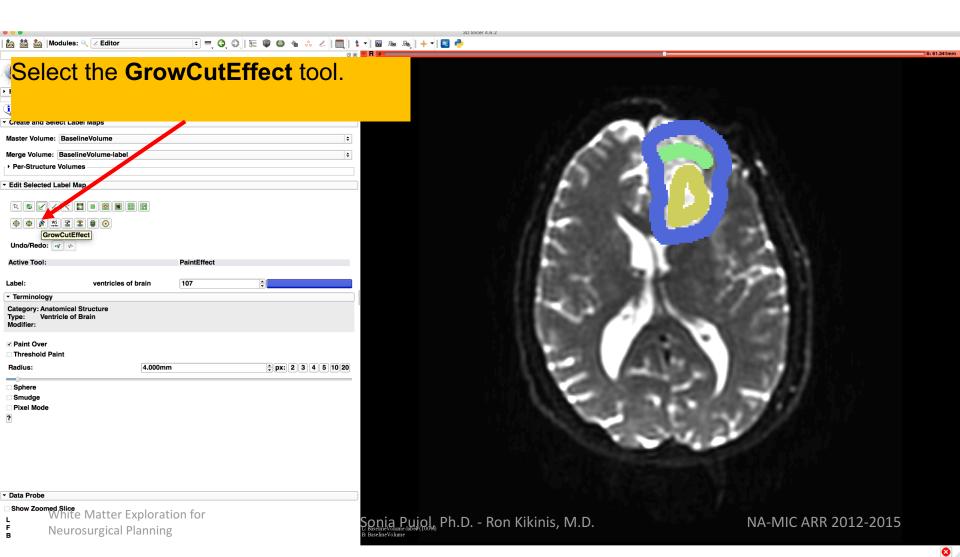




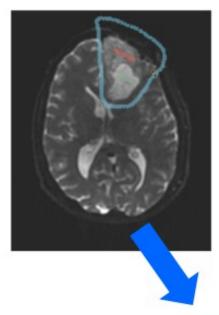


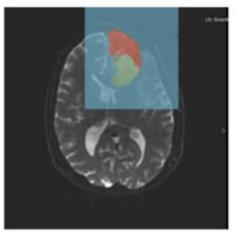




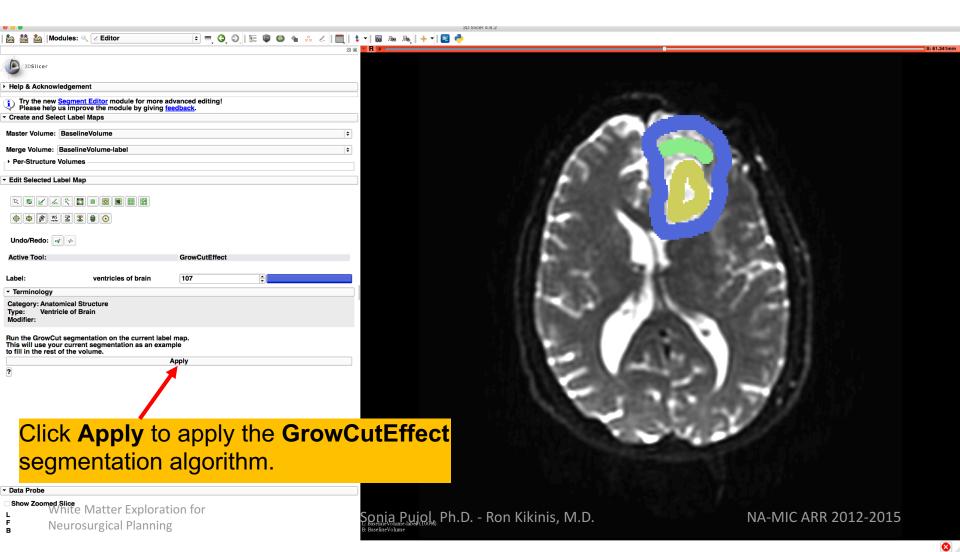


Grow Cut Segmentation

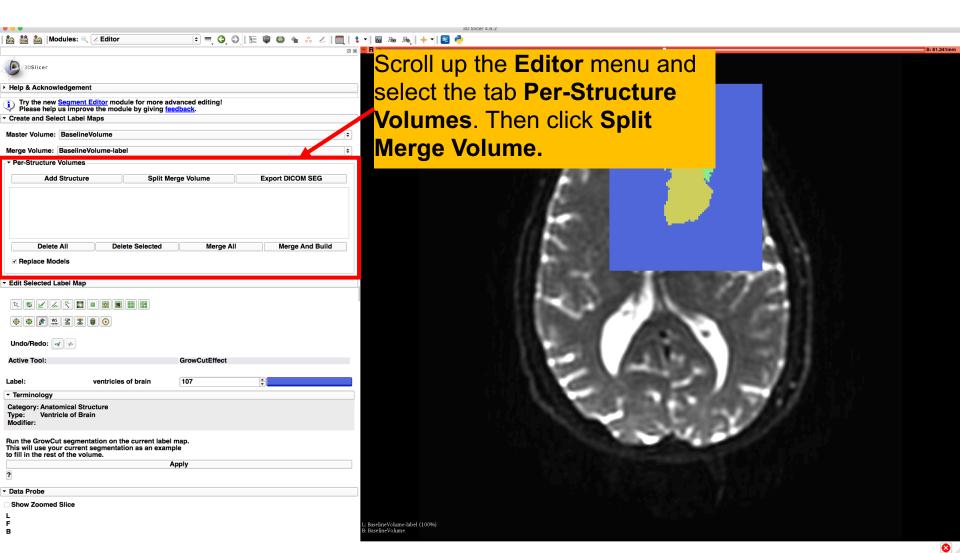


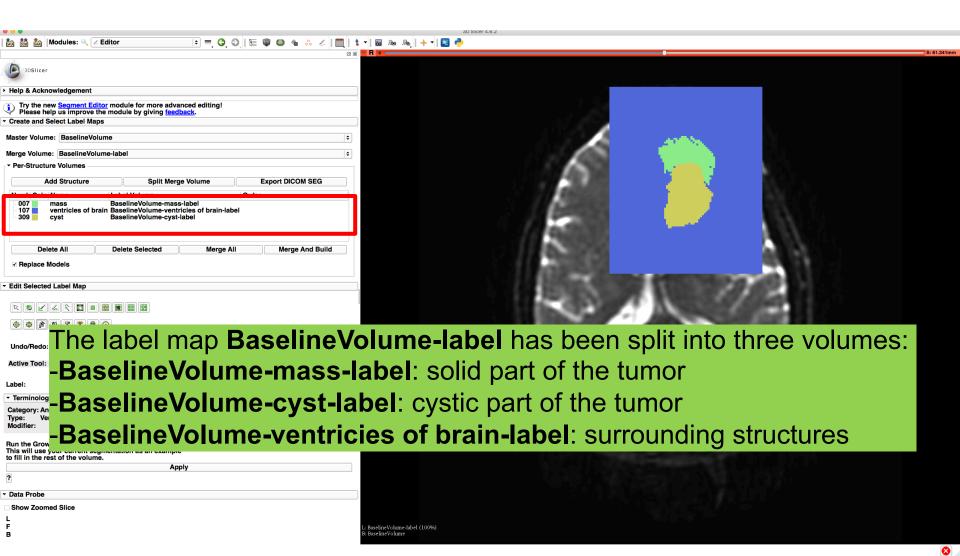


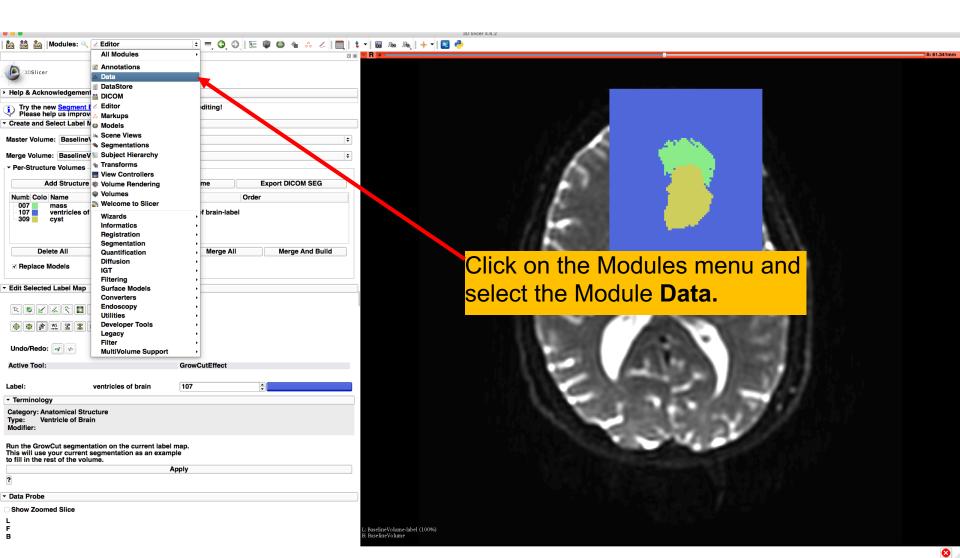
- The Grow Cut Segmentation method is a competitive region growing algorithm using Cellular Automata.
- The algorithm performs multi-label image segmentation using a set of user input scribbles.
- V. Vezhnevets, V. Konouchine. "Grow-Cut" - Interactive Multi-Label N-D Image Segmentation". Proc. Graphicon. 2005. pp. 150-156.



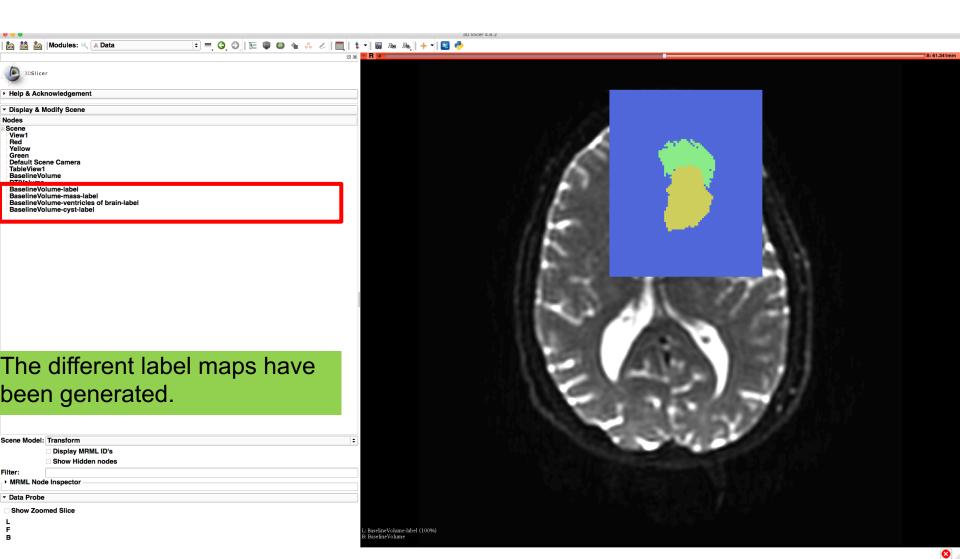


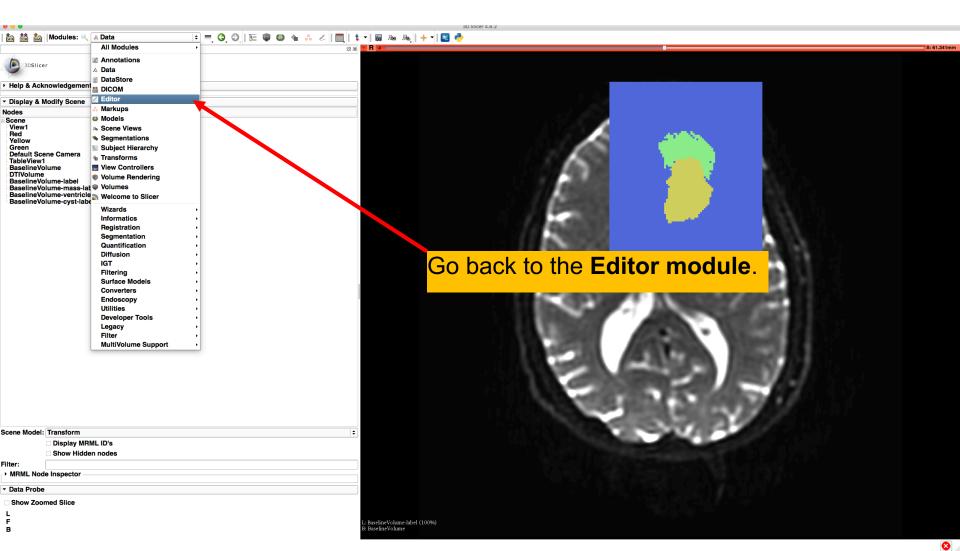


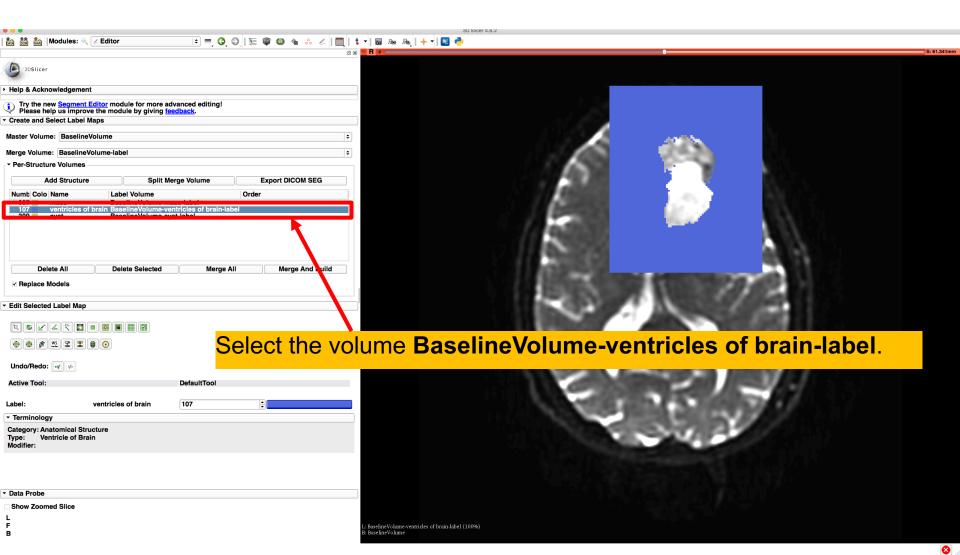


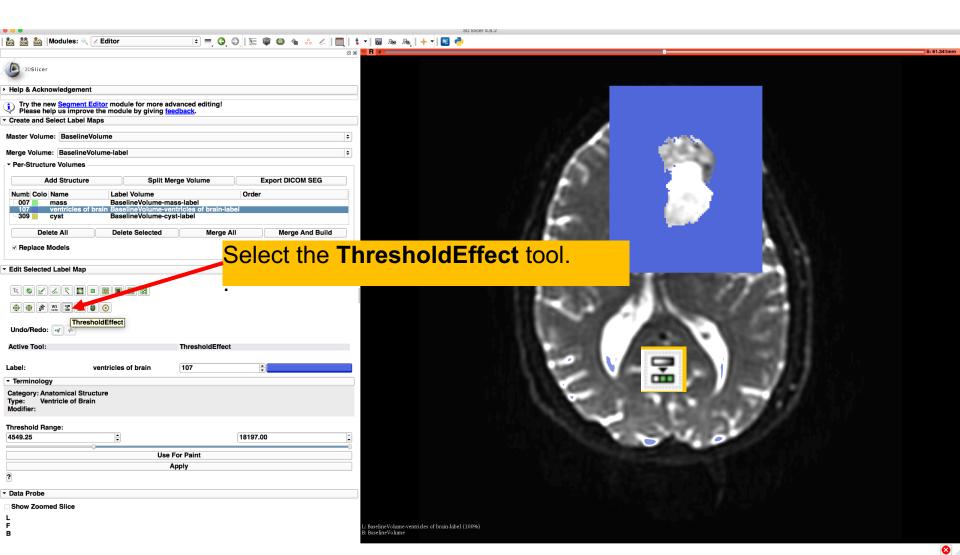


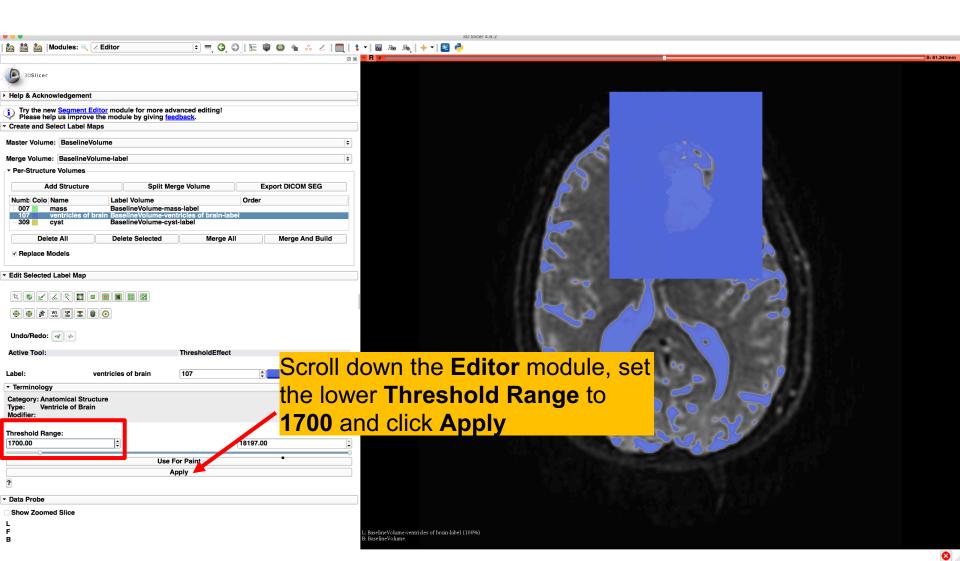
Tumor Segmentation

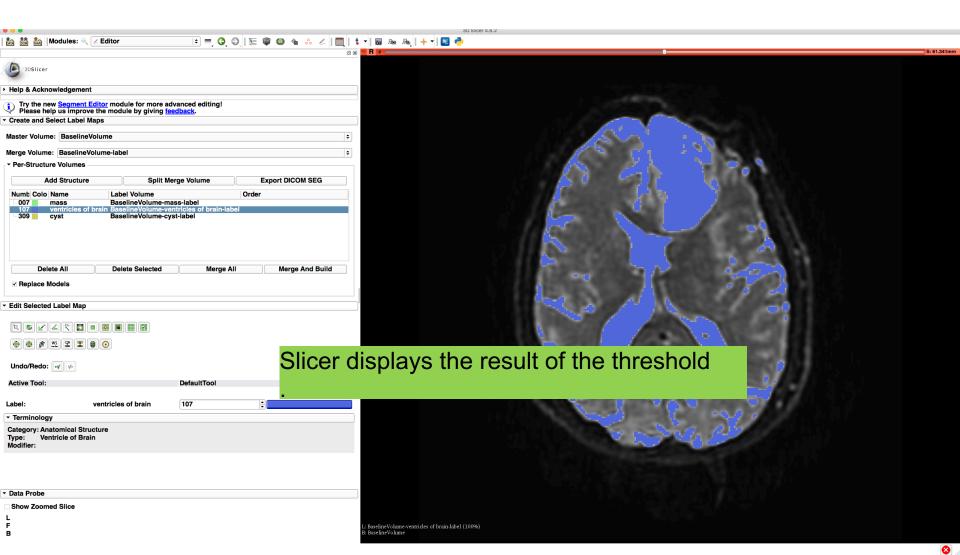


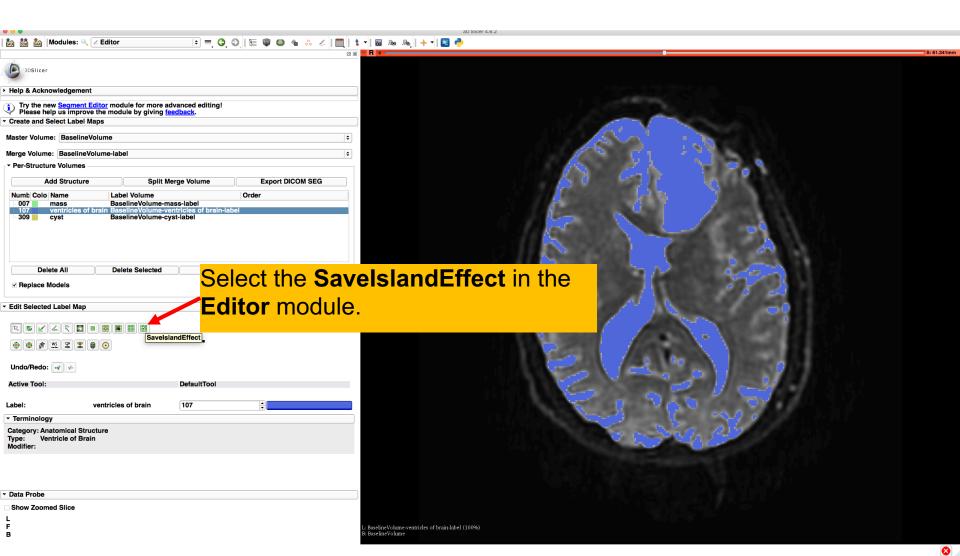


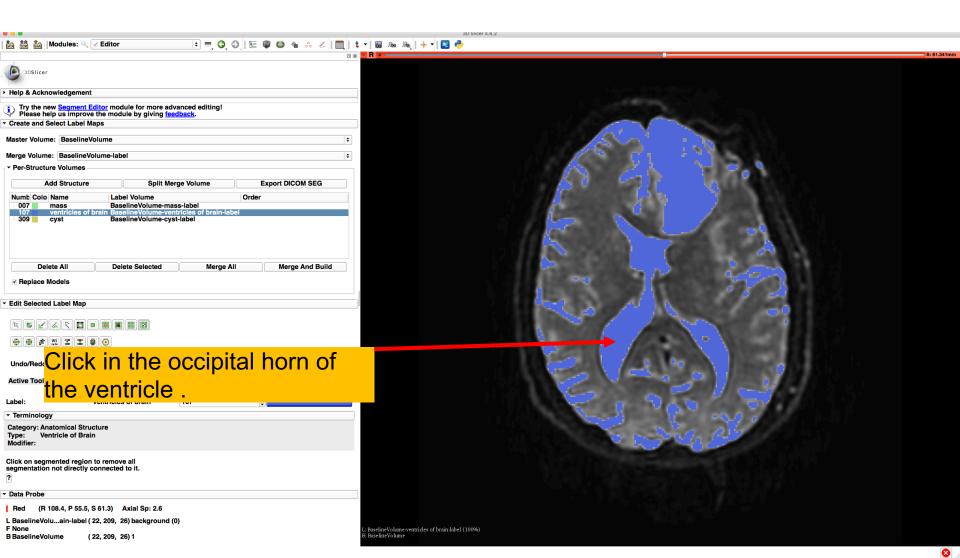


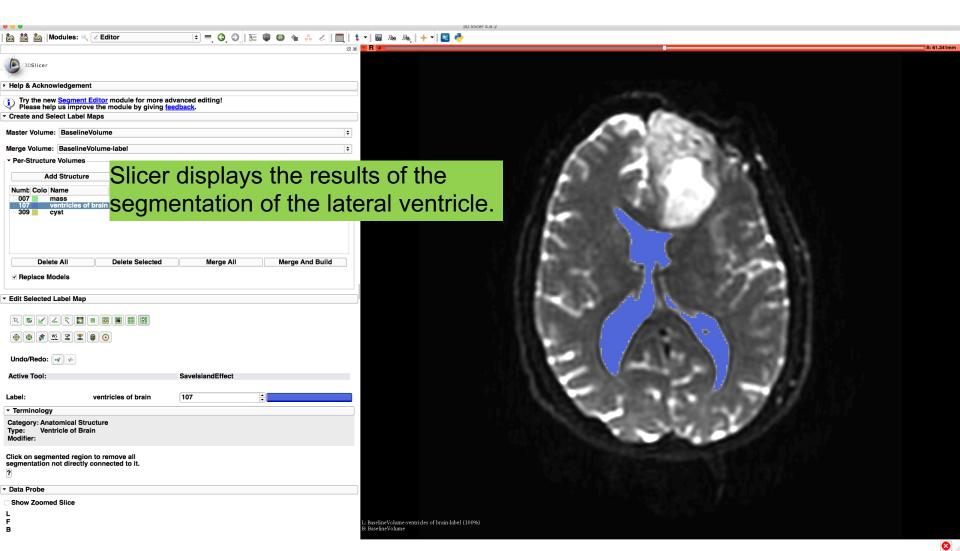


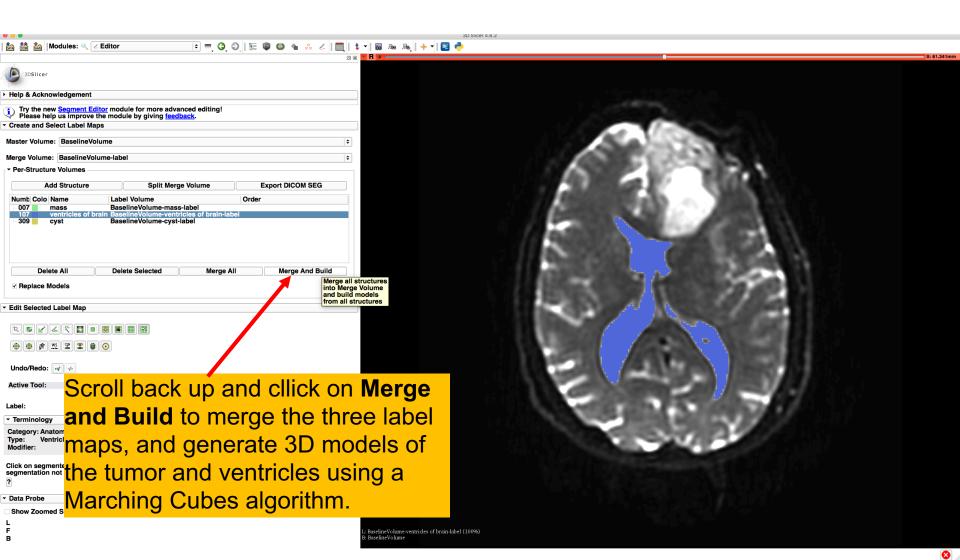




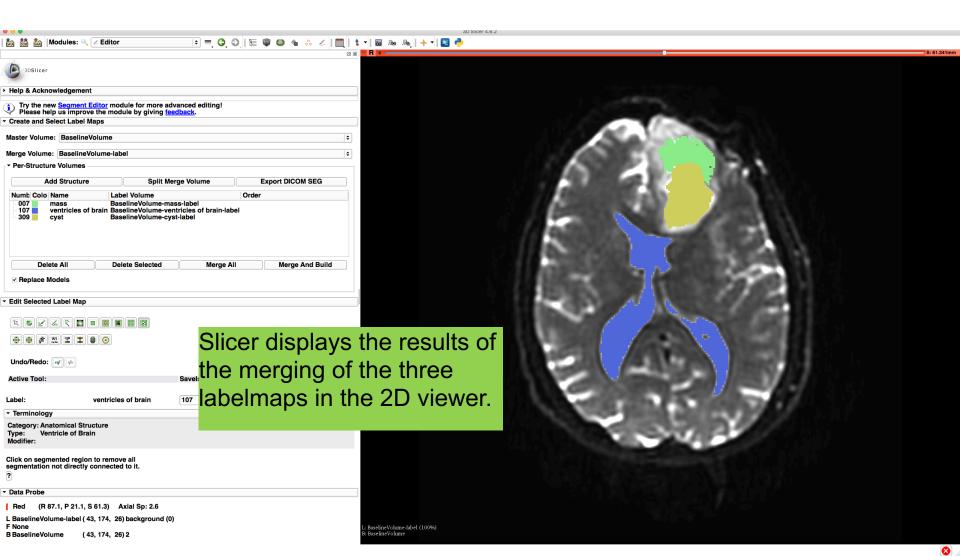




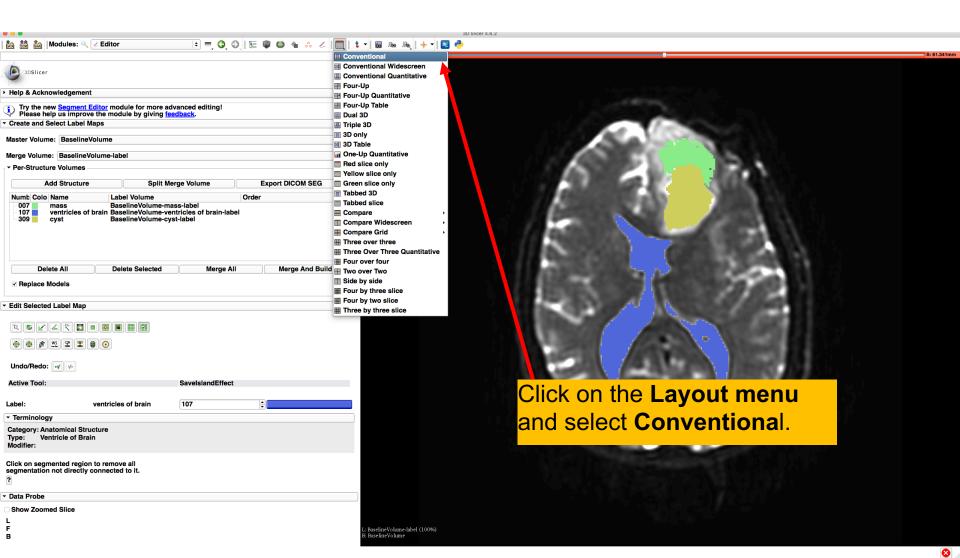




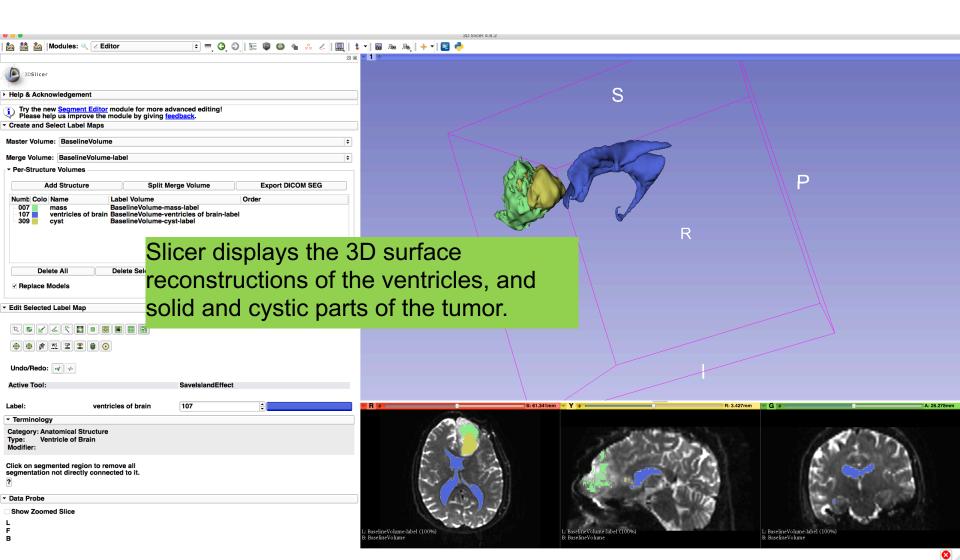
Final Result of Segmentation



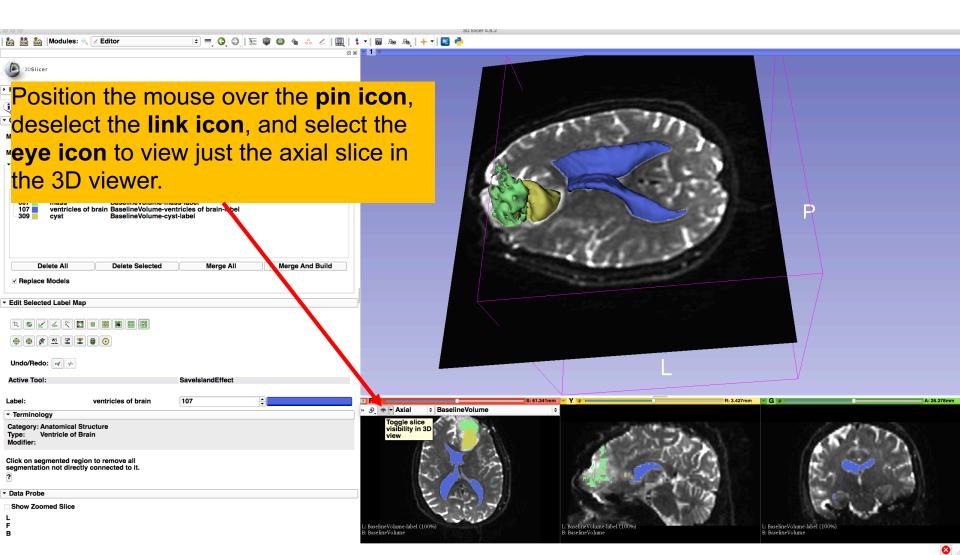
Final Result of Segmentation



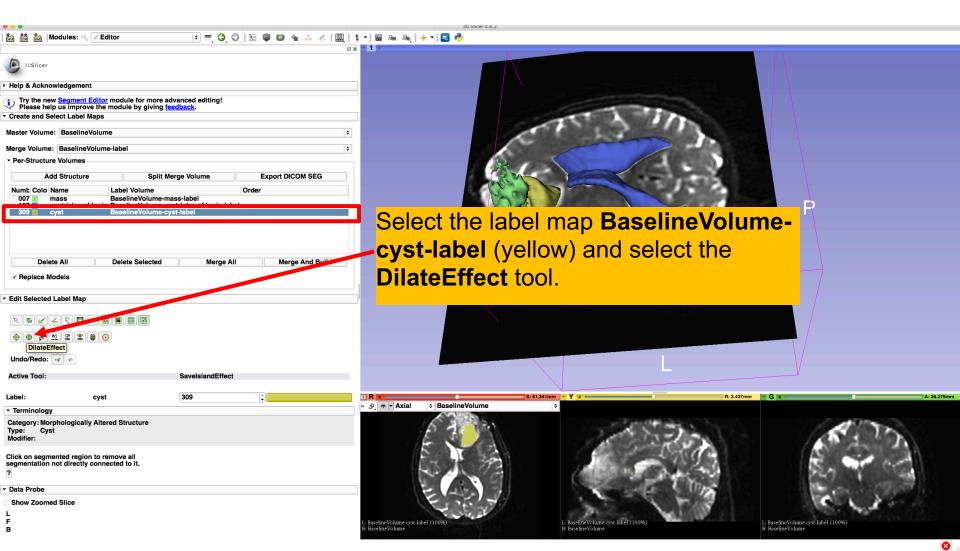
Final Result of Segmentation



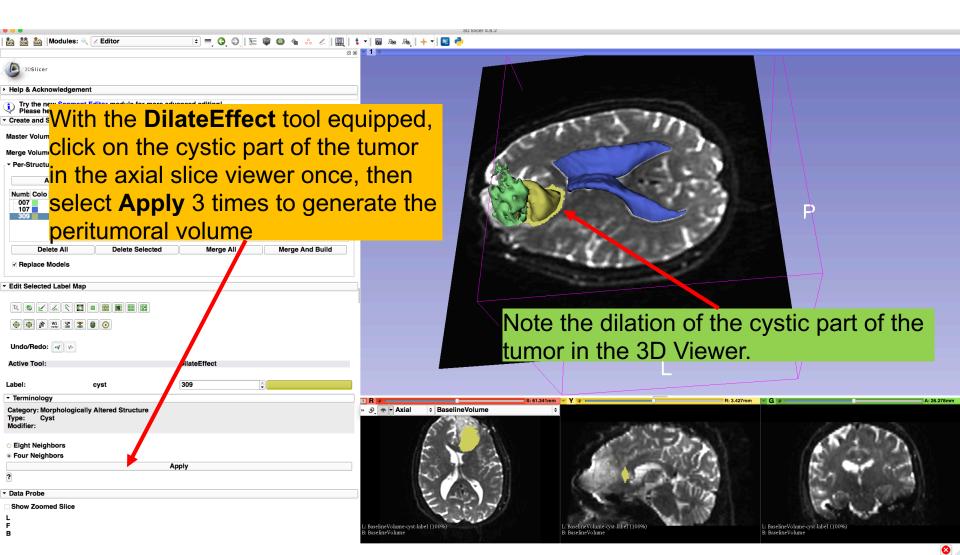
Definition of peri-tumoral volume

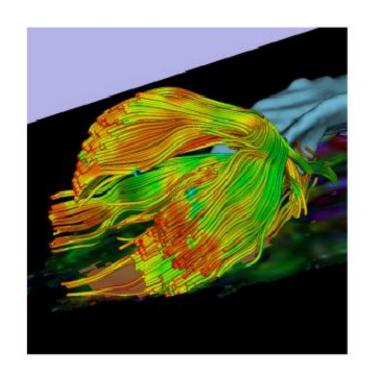


Definition of peri-tumoral volume

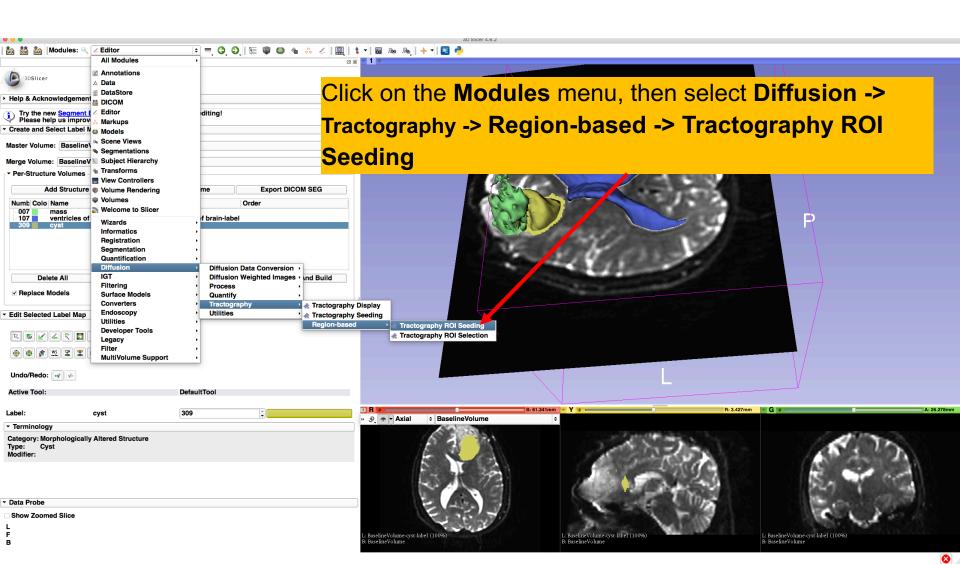


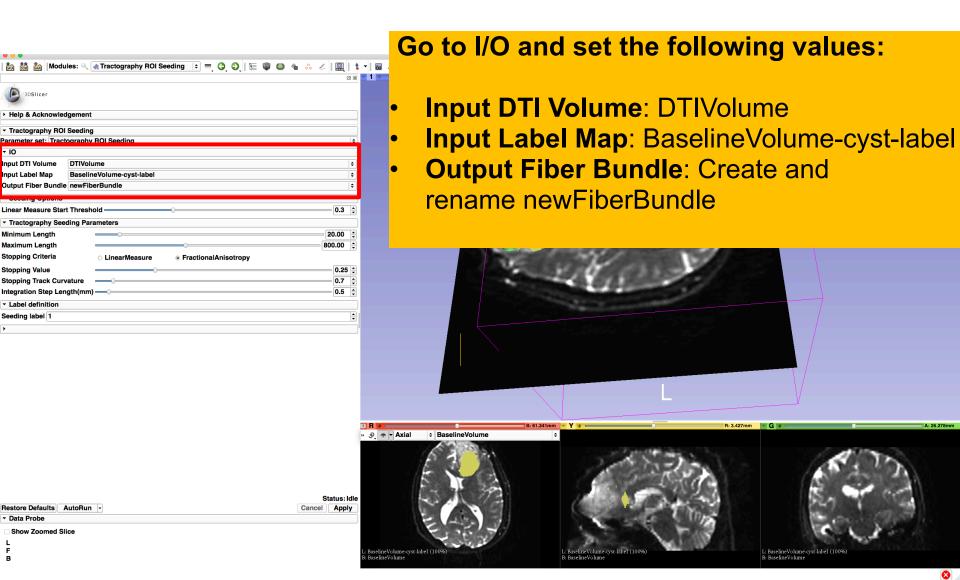
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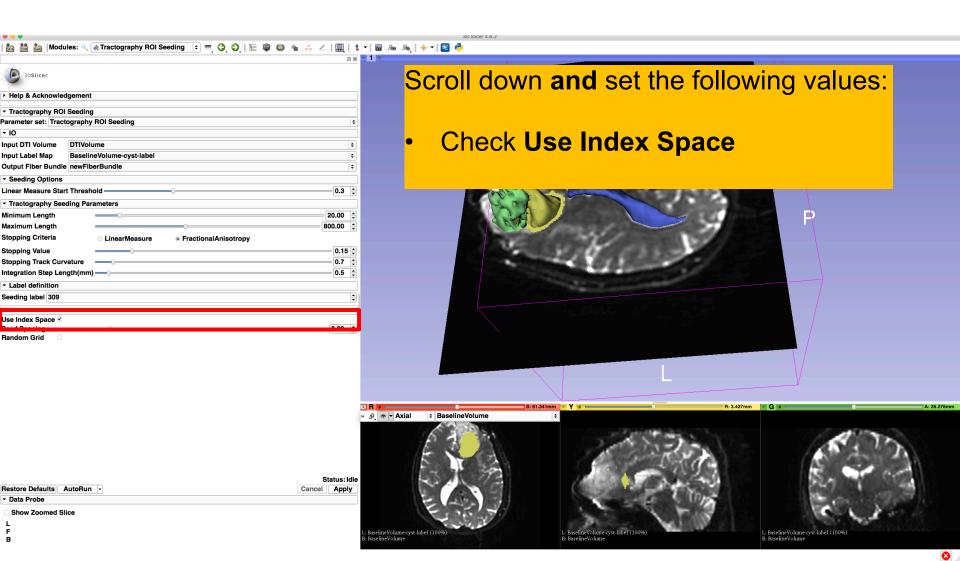


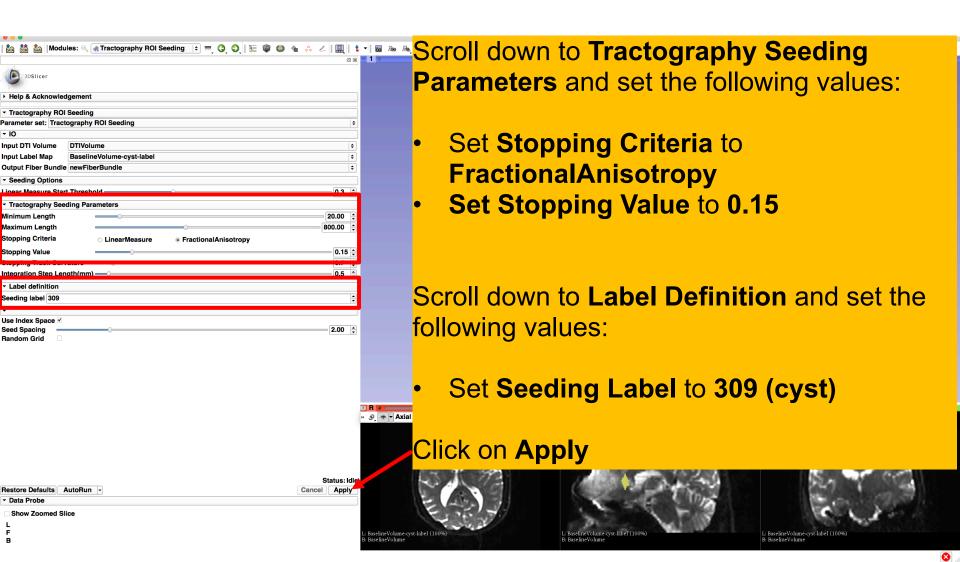


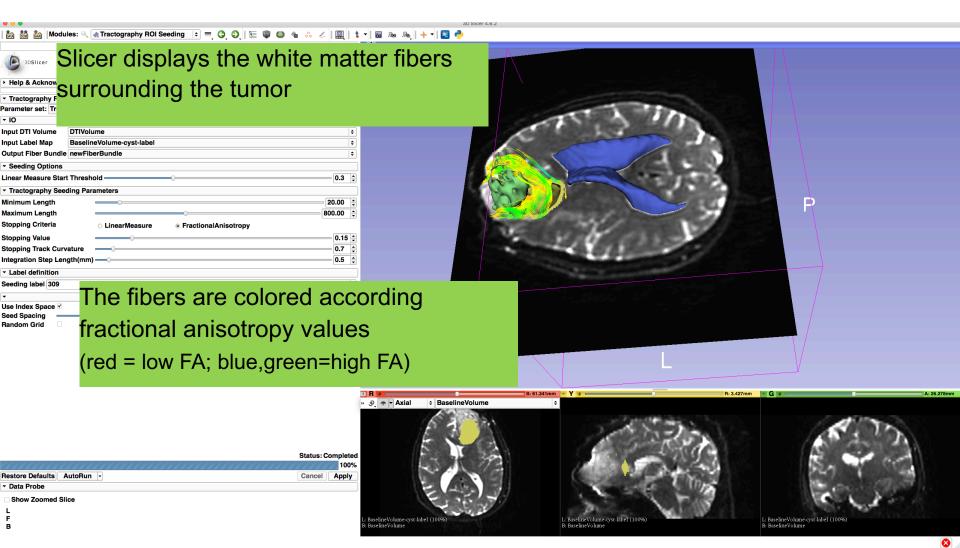
Part 2: Tractography exploration of peritumoral white matter fibers

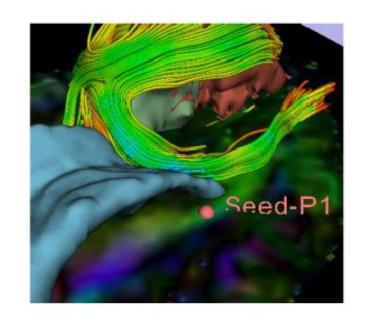




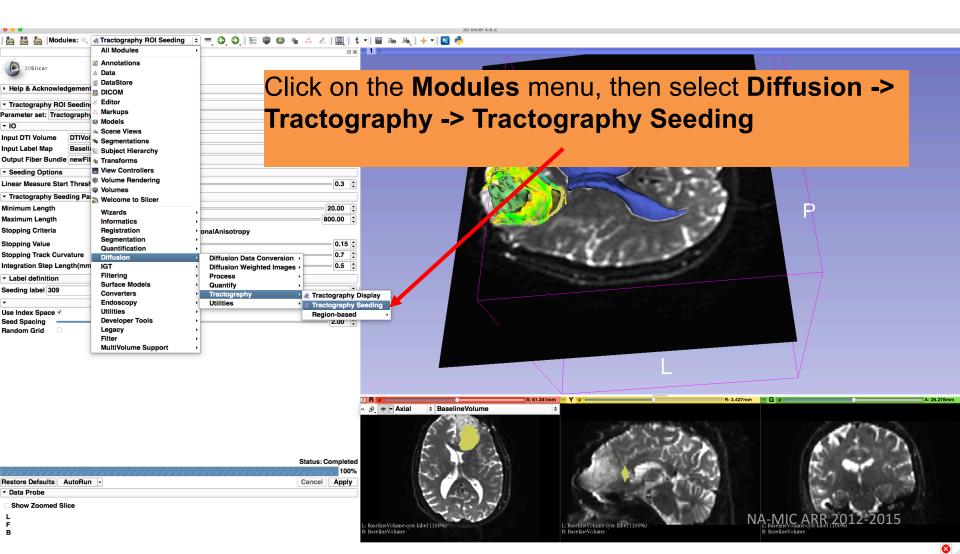


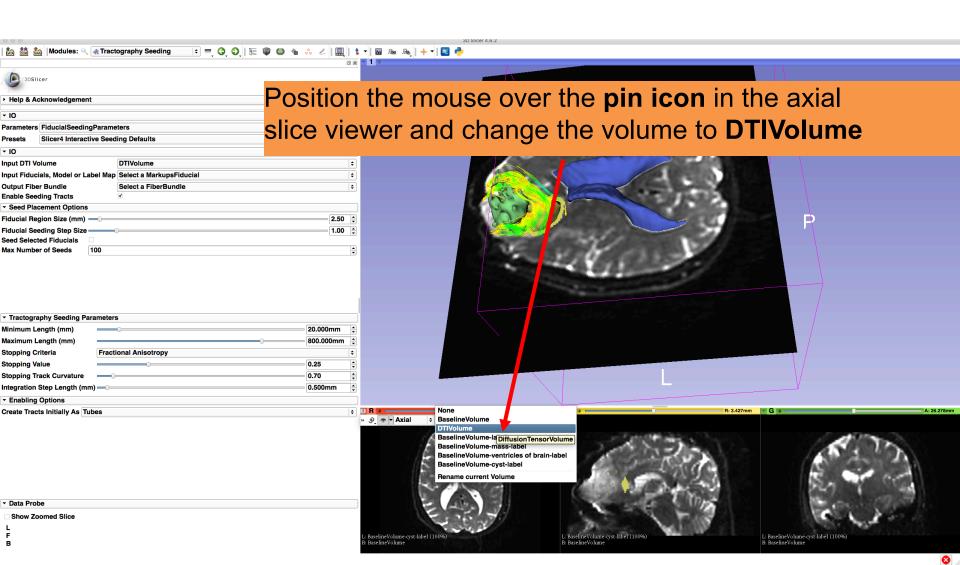


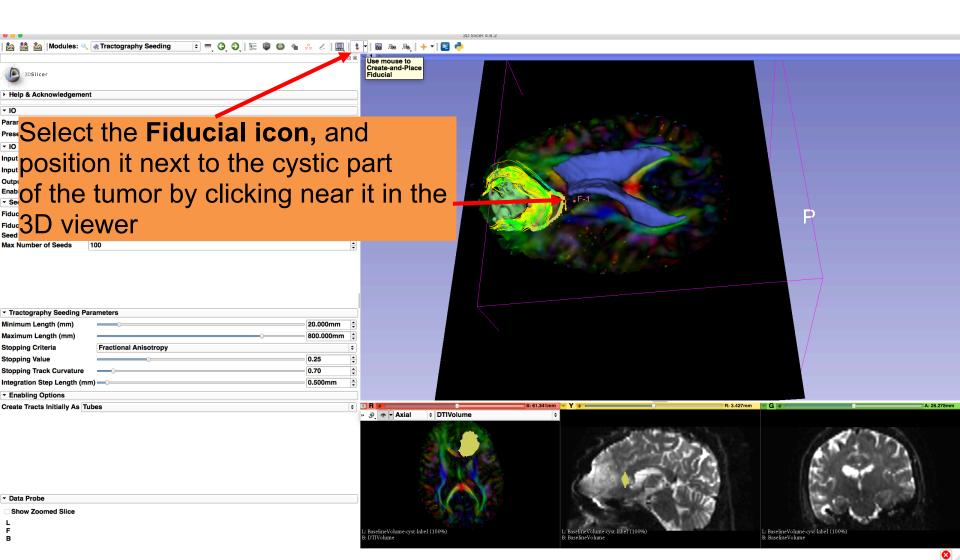


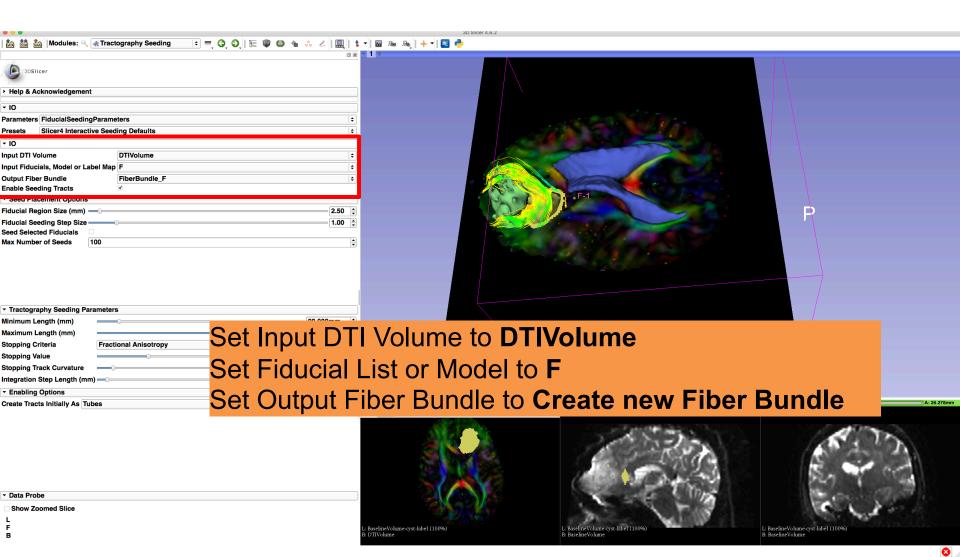


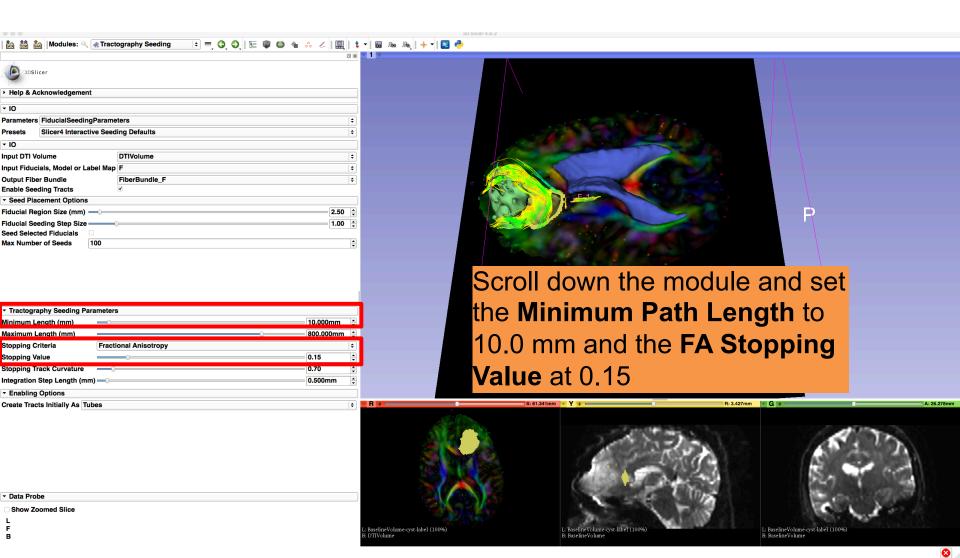
Part 4: Tractography exploration of the ipsilateral and contralateral side

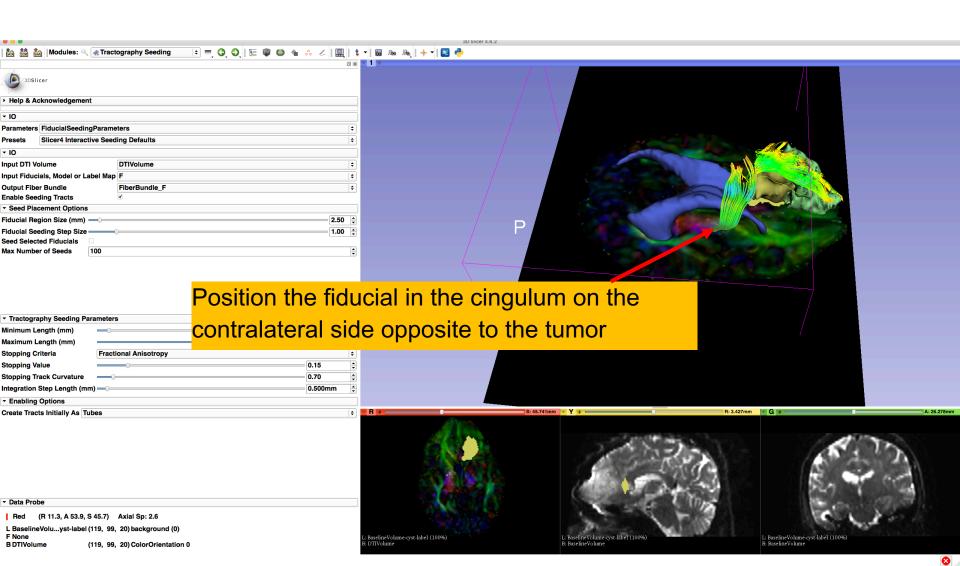


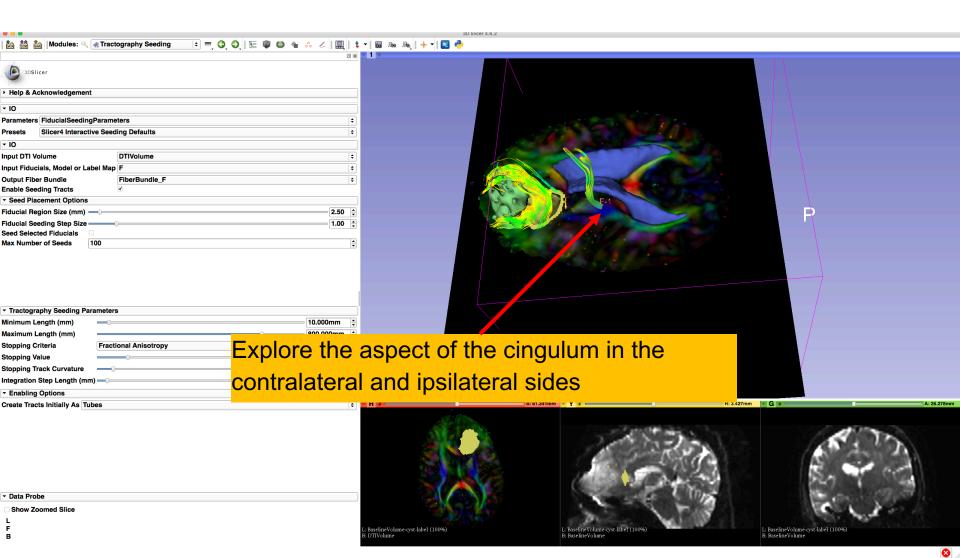












Conclusion

- Fully integrated pipeline for semiautomated tumor segmentation and white matter tract reconstruction
- 3D interactive exploration of the white matter tracts surrounding a tumor (peritumoral tracts) for neurosurgical planning

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